

G	=	$6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{kg}^2$	R	=	$\frac{v_0^2}{g} \sin(2\theta_0)$
g	=	9.8 m/s^2	a	=	$\frac{v^2}{r}$
c	=	$3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$	T	=	$\frac{2\pi r}{v}$
m_e	=	$9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$	$\Sigma \vec{F}$	=	$m\vec{a}$
m_p	=	$1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$	W	=	mg
1 m	=	3.28 ft	\vec{F}_{AB}	=	$-\vec{F}_{BA}$
1 lb	=	4.45 N	f_s	=	$\mu_s N$
$\frac{d}{dx}x$	=	1	f_k	=	$\mu_k N$
$\frac{d}{dx}(au)$	=	$a \frac{du}{dx}$	F	=	$\frac{mv^2}{r}$
$\frac{d}{dx}(u+v)$	=	$\frac{du}{dx} + \frac{dv}{dx}$	K	=	$\frac{1}{2}mv^2$
$\frac{d}{dx}x^m$	=	mx^{m-1}	ΔK	=	$K_f - K_i = W$
$\frac{d}{dx}(uv)$	=	$u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$	W	=	$Fd \cos \phi$
$\int dx$	=	x	W	=	$\vec{F} \cdot \vec{d}$
$\int au \, dx$	=	$a \int u \, dx$	W_g	=	$mgd \cos \phi$
$\int (u+v) \, dx$	=	$\int u \, dx + \int v \, dx$	ΔK	=	$W_a + W_g$
$\int x^m \, dx$	=	$\frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} \quad (m \neq -1)$	W	=	$\int_{x_i}^{x_f} F(x) \, dx$
Δx	=	$x_2 - x_1$	F	=	$-\frac{1}{k}x$
\bar{v}	=	$\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{t_2 - t_1}$	W_s	=	$-\frac{1}{2}kx^2$
\bar{s}	=	total distance	\bar{P}	=	$\frac{W}{\Delta t}$
v	=	$\frac{dx}{dt}$	P	=	$\frac{dW}{dt}$
\bar{a}	=	$\frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t_2 - t_1}$	P	=	$\vec{F} \cdot \vec{v}$
a	=	$\frac{dv}{dt}$	U	=	$mg y$
v	=	$v_0 + at$	$U(x)$	=	$\frac{1}{2}kx^2$
$x - x_0$	=	$v_0 t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$	E	=	$K + U$
v^2	=	$v_0^2 + 2a(x - x_0)$	$F(x)$	=	$-\frac{dU(x)}{dx}$
$x - x_0$	=	$\frac{1}{2}(v_0 + v)t$	W_{app}	=	ΔE
$x - x_0$	=	$vt - \frac{1}{2}at^2$	ΔE	=	$-f_k d$
a_x	=	$a \cos \theta$	P	=	$\frac{dE}{dt}$
a_y	=	$a \sin \theta$	x_{com}	=	$\frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^n m_i x_i$
a	=	$\sqrt{a_x^2 + a_y^2}$	\vec{r}_{com}	=	$\frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^n m_i \vec{r}_i$
$\tan \theta$	=	$\frac{a_y}{a_x}$	$\Sigma \vec{F}_{\text{ext}}$	=	$M \vec{a}_{\text{cm}}$
$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$	=	$ab \cos \phi$	\vec{p}	=	mv
c	=	$ab \sin \phi$	$\Sigma \vec{F}$	=	$\frac{d\vec{p}}{dt}$
\vec{v}	=	$\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt}$	\vec{P}	=	$M \vec{v}_{\text{cm}}$
\vec{a}	=	$\frac{d\vec{v}}{dt}$	$\Sigma \vec{F}_{\text{ext}}$	=	$\frac{d\vec{P}}{dt}$
$x - x_0$	=	$v_{0x} t$	\vec{P}	=	constant
$y - y_0$	=	$v_{0y} t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$	θ	=	$\frac{s}{r}$
y	=	$(\tan \theta_0)x - \frac{gx^2}{2(v_0 \cos \theta_0)^2}$	$\Delta \theta$	=	$\frac{\theta_2 - \theta_1}{d\theta}$
			ω	=	$\frac{d\omega}{dt}$
			α	=	$\frac{d\omega}{dt}$
			ω	=	$\omega_0 + \alpha t$
			$\theta - \theta_0$	=	$\omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
\omega^2 &= \omega_0^2 + 2\alpha(\theta - \theta_0) \\
\theta - \theta_0 &= \frac{1}{2}(\omega_0 + \omega)t \\
\theta - \theta_0 &= \omega t - \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^2 \\
s &= \theta r \\
v &= \omega r \\
a_t &= \alpha r \\
a_r &= \frac{v^2}{r} = \omega^2 r \\
I &= \sum m_i r_i^2 \\
K &= \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 \\
\tau &= r F \sin \phi \\
\tau &= I \alpha \\
\Sigma \tau &= I \alpha \\
F &= G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2} \\
U &= -G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r} \\
v &= \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{R}} \\
\rho &= \frac{\Delta m}{\Delta V} \\
p &= \frac{\Delta A}{\Delta F} \\
p_2 &= p_1 + \rho g (y_1 - y_2) \\
p &= p_0 + \rho g h
\end{aligned}$$