

Agenda

- Announce:
 Test Two Weeks
 - Project Ideas due by Halloween (1week)
- Discuss Movie Part I
- Probability Waves

Momentum versus Wavelength

- · For massive objects:
 - High momentum means small wavelength (very localized)

Electrons in the Atom

- Finally a good explanation
- Electrons reach a balance – Charge attracts electron to nucleus
 - Electron "wants" to stay far away to minimize its momentum/energy
- QM can now solve for the states of the electron in atoms...

Wavefunction

• QM finds the wavefunction for a $\psi(x, y, z)$ particle

• Its square gives a probability $|\Psi(x, y, z)|^2$

Tunneling (again)

- Makes more sense (well, almost) - Probability wave doesn't just stop at wall
 - Extends a bit into wall