Monday, October 22

Ford Chs: 8&9

Agenda

- Announce:
 - Test Two Weeks From Wednesday
 - Calendar:

 - Oct 24Oct 29

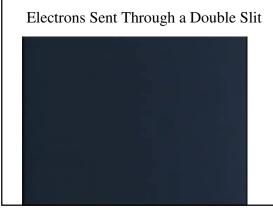
 - Oct 23
 Oct 31—Movie
 Nov 5—Review 9&10
 Nov 7—Test2
 - Project Ideas due by Halloween
- Ch. 8
- Ch. 9

Ch.8

- · Conservation Laws
 - Energy, Momentum, Angular Momentum, Charge
 - Baryon number, Lepton number, color, TCP
- Invariance Principles
- Symmetries
 - Homogeneity
 - Isotropy
 - Temporal invariance/symmetry

Ch. 9

- Particles are Waves
 - Electrons are waves (e.g. double slit, electron imaging a crystal)
 - Photons are waves (e.g. shadows a bit fuzzy)
- Waves are Particles
 - Light is photons (photoelectric effect)



Momentum versus Wavelength

- For massive objects:
 - High momentum means small wavelength (very localized)

Electrons in the Atom

- Finally a good explanation
- Electrons reach a balance
 - Charge attracts electron to nucleus
 - Electron "wants" to stay far away to minimize its momentum/energy
- QM can now solve for the states of the electron in atoms...

Wavefunction

- QM finds the wavefunction for a $\psi(x, y, z)$ particle
- It's square gives a probability $|\psi(x, y, z)|^2$

2